Arickaree School District R-2 Anton, Colorado

Financial Statements

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Education Arickaree School District R-2 Anton, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Arickaree School District R-2 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, historical pension information and other post-employment benefit plan information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado September 1, 2021

Management Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis of Arickaree School District R-2's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should review the information presented here in conjunction with the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of June 30, 2021 by \$773,746 (net position) as reported in the government-wide financial statements.
- The District's government-wide total net position increased by \$839,043 over the prior fiscal year.
- Program revenues of \$460,706 offset expenses from governmental activities of \$1,687,939. General revenues amounted to \$2,066,276.
- At the close of June 30, 2021, the District reported \$2,654,161 combined fund balances for the Governmental Funds, an increase of \$232,691.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information about all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expense are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and retiree's early retirement bonuses). In the government-wide financial statements, the School District's activities include the following:

• **Governmental activities:** Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, administration, food service, and pupil activities. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues principally support these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's operations, focusing on the most significant or "major" funds, not the School District as a whole. The School District has two kinds of funds: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term financial resources and fund balances. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements. The annual budget is provided on the basis of the governmental fund financial statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Arickaree School District R-2 maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other two governmental funds are combined in a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Arickaree School District R-2 adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Food Service Fund, Student Activity Fund, Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund and Scholarship Trust Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Arickaree School District R-2's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements may be found on pages 20-58 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents other supplementary information concerning the School District's annual appropriated budgets with comparison statements that demonstrate compliance with budgets. Budgeted amounts may be found on pages 74-88.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The assets of the District are classified as current assets and capital assets. Cash, investments, receivables, inventories and other assets are current assets. These assets are available to provide resources for the near-term operations of the District. A good portion of the current assets result from the property tax collection process; the District receives about 96% of the annual property tax assessment between January and June.

Capital assets are used in the operations of the District. These assets are land, improvements, buildings equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets are discussed in greater detail in the section titled Capital Assets and Debt Administration, elsewhere in this analysis.

Current and long-term liabilities are classified based on anticipated liquidation either in the near-term of in the future. Current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued salaries and benefits and unearned revenues. The liquidation of current liabilities is anticipated to be either from currently available resources, current assets or new resources that become available during the ensuing fiscal year.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$773,746 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table provides a summary of the district's net position as of June 30, 2021.

	,	Governmenta	l Activities	Total Percentage Change
Current and Other assets Capital assets	\$	2021 3,247,537 1,290,366	2020 \$ 2,825,411 1,387,407	2020-2021 14.94% -6.99%
Total assets		4,537,903	4,212,818	7.72%
Deferred outflows of resources		557,782	427,496	30.48%
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	_\$_	5,095,685	\$ 4,640,314	9.81%
Long term liabilities Other liabilities	\$	2,626,757 584,360	\$ 2,642,413 375,974	-0.59% 55.43%
Total liabilities		3,211,117	3,018,387	6.39%
Deferred inflows of resources		1,110,822	1,687,224	-34.16%
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		1,290,366 119,539 (636,159)	1,375,057 105,869 (1,546,223)	-6.16% 12.91% -58.86%
Total net position		773,746	(65,297)	-1,284.96%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	5,095,685	\$ 4,640,314	9.81%

The District's reported assets consist of current assets of \$3,247,537 and capital assets of \$1,290,366. The ratio of Current Assets to Current Liabilities of 5.56 to 1 indicates the District's ability to meet current obligations.

The following table is a summary of the District's change in net position.

	Go	vernmental	Acti	ivities	Total Percentage Change
		2021		2020	2020-2021
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	49,801	\$	69,725	-28.58%
Operating grants & contributions		405,905		223,655	81.49%
Capital grants & contributions		5,000		70,949	-92.95%
Property taxes		836,629		836,084	0.07%
State equalization		1,082,385		1,199,262	-9.75%
Other		147,262		257,527	-42.82%
Total Revenue		2,526,982		2,657,202	-4.90%
Expenses					
Instruction		624,207		884,789	-29.45%
Supporting Services		1,013,342		1,034,952	-2.09%
Other		50,390		48,381	4.15%
Total Expenses		1,687,939		1,968,122	-14.24%
•					
Change in net position		839,043		689,080	21.76%
		,		,	
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year		(65,297)	_	(754,377)	-91.34%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	773,746	\$	(65,297)	-1,284.96%

Governmental activities increased the District's net position in FY 2021 by \$839,043 and in FY 2020 by \$689,080.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term, inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,654,161, an increase of \$232,691.

• Revenues exceeded expenditures and transfers out in the General Fund by \$174,734, increasing fund balance to \$2,424,491.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District is required to adopt a budget by June 30 for the following fiscal year. The Board of Education will submit a copy of the budget to CDE by January 31.

Capital Asset and Debit Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$1,290,366 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings, service vehicles, buses and playground, office and instructional equipment.

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities					
	2021	2020				
Land and sites Building and improvements Transportation equipment Other equipment	\$ 29,645 2,102,793 755,501 251,164	\$ 29,645 2,102,792 755,502 251,164				
Subtotal Less accumulated depreciation	3,139,103 (1,848,737)	3,139,103 (1,751,696)				
Total capital assets	\$ 1,290,366	\$ 1,387,407				

Additional information on the School District's capital assets can be found in Note E to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the School District's long-term debt of \$7,913 represented its accrued compensated absences of \$7,913. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note G to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- Facility: School Safety infrastructure, building roof, Plumbing and water filtration system, Food Service equipment replaced, Parking lot.
- School Vehicle / Bus replacements are necessary.
- Additional staff to meet the educational needs of students: un-combining elementary classes, Offer academic readiness and career courses for high school students.
- State Budget stabilization factor a portion of state funding is withheld from district.
- Increase Salary Schedules to insure we are competitive in comparison to other Colorado School Districts.
- Insurance: health & school coverage has increased substantially.
- Additional paid time off for COVID related illness and FMLA requirements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Arickaree School District R-2's finances for all those with an interest in the District's Finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 12155 County Road NN, Anton, Colorado 80801-9601.

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Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the District include the following:

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes communicate information essential for fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements. As such, the notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash Cash with fiscal agent Investments Receivables Due from fiduciary fund Inventory Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 1,779,994 14,700 1,405,190 43,919 1,480 2,254 1,290,366
Total assets	4,537,903
Deferred outflows of resources Pension deferrals Other post-employment benefit deferrals	546,572 11,210
Total deferred outflows of resources	557,782
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 5,095,685
Liabilities Accounts payable Intergovernmental payables Accrued salaries and benefits Unearned revenues Unearned grant revenue Noncurrent liabilities Due in more than one year Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total liabilities	\$ 45,104 399,071 119,054 8,763 12,368 7,913 2,527,024 91,820 3,211,117
Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferrals Other post-employment benefit deferrals Total deferred inflows of resources	1,063,613 47,209
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,110,822
Emergencies Colorado preschool program Food service operations Unrestricted (deficit)	58,000 61,119 420 (636,159)
Total net position	773,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 5,095,685

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ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues						
]	Expenses	Charges for Gran				rants and	Gra	apital ints and ributions
Governmental activities Instruction	\$	624,207	\$	29,225	\$	263,922	\$	5,000	
Supporting services Students Instructional staff		7,417 16,438				3,500			
General administration School administration Business services		277,228 33,280 37,276						v	
Operations and maintenance Student transportation		281,346 120,116				34,276 34,986			
Central support services Food service operations		126,977 109,747		20,576		69,221			
Facilities acquisition Unallocated depreciation * Interest and fiscal charges		3,517 49,994 396							
Total governmental activities	\$	1,687,939	\$	49,801	\$	405,905	\$	5,000	
			Ta P S E Sta	pecific own	es, levershi ershi axes cal ai	and interest d	ral pur	rposes	
* This amount excludes depreciation included in the direct expenses of				Total genera	al rev	renues			
programs.				Change in					
•			Net	position (de	ficit)	at beginning	g of yea	ır	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position at end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Total Governmental Activities (326,060)(7,417)(12,938)(277,228)(33,280)(37,276)(247,070)(85, 130)(126,977)(19,950)(3,517)(49,994)(396)(1,227,233)715,984 118,698 1,947 1,082,385 6,754 140,508 2,066,276 839,043 (65,297)773,746

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General Fund	ital Reserve ital Projects Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash Cash with fiscal agent Investments Property taxes receivable Due from other funds Grant receivables Other receivables Inventories	\$ 1,540,249 14,700 1,405,190 26,650 2,075 9,307 1,770	\$ 112,897	\$	1,000 4,072 2,120 2,254	.	1,779,994 14,700 1,405,190 26,650 3,075 13,379 3,890 2,254
Total assets	\$ 2,999,941	\$ 112,897	\$	136,294	\$	3,249,132
Liabilities Accounts payable Intergovernmental payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and benefits Unearned revenues Unearned grant revenues	\$ 43,235 399,071 1,000 112,879	\$ 4,051	\$	1,869 595 6,175 6,831	\$	45,104 399,071 1,595 119,054 10,882 12,368
Total liabilities	568,553	4,051		15,470		588,074
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred property tax revenues Total deferred inflows of resources	 6,897 6,897	 -				6,897 6,897
Fund balance Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted for: Emergencies Colorado preschool program Food service operations	58,000 61,119			2,254 420		2,254 58,000 61,119 420
Committed to: Capital projects Pupil activities Assigned to risk-related activities Unassigned	 153 2,305,219	 108,846		118,150	<u> </u>	108,846 118,150 153 2,305,219
Total fund balance	 2,424,491	 108,846		120,824		2,654,161
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 2,999,941	\$ 112,897	\$	136,294	\$	3,249,132

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,654,161
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	1,290,366
Certain receivables will be collected in the next fiscal year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as unearned revenues in the governmental funds.	9,016
Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources, including compensated absences and net pension and OPEB liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the	
governmental funds.	 (3,179,797)
Net position of the governmental activities	\$ 773,746

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Capital Reserve	Other	Total
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
	E-12			
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 945,020	\$ 6,600	\$ 105,974	\$ 1,057,594
Intermediate sources	49		605	49
State sources	1,189,345		607	1,189,952
Federal sources	229,724	FM 5- 47 - 4 - 61 - 51 - 51 - 51 - 51 - 51 - 51 - 51	68,614	298,338
Total revenues	2,364,138	6,600	175,195	2,545,933
Expenditures				
Instruction	1,020,580		69,165	1,089,745
Supporting services	1,092,824		108,133	1,200,957
Capital outlay		9,794	•	9,794
Debt service				
Principal retirement		12,350		12,350
Interest and fiscal charges		396		396
Total expenditures	2,113,404	22,540	177,298	2,313,242
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	250,734	(15.040)	(2,103)	020 601
(under) experiantures	230,734	(15,940)	(2,103)	232,691
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		75,000	1,000	76,000
Transfers out	(76,000)	,	,	(76,000)
		(4)		
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	(76,000)	75,000	1,000	
Net change in fund balance	174,734	59,060	(1,103)	232,691
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,249,757	49,786	121,927	2,421,470
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,424,491	\$ 108,846	\$ 120,824	\$ 2,654,161

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 232,691
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(97,041)
Because some property taxes and other revenues will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, reported as deferred tax and unearned revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.	(18,951)
Repayment of principal on capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term liability in the statement of net position.	12,350
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses related to compensated absences are measured by the amounts incurred or earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	3,724
Pension and OPEB expense at the fund level represents cash contributions to the defined benefit plan. For the activity level presentation, the amount represents the actuarial cost of the benefits for the fiscal year.	 706,270
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 839,043

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	P	Private Purpose Trust Fund	
Assets	Φ.	1 474	
Cash Certificate of deposit	\$	1,474 5,000	
Total assets	\$	6,474	
Liabilities			
Due to other funds	\$	1,480	
Total liabilities		1,480	
Net position			
Restricted for scholarship recipients		4,994	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	6,474	

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	
Additions	_	
Contributions and earnings	\$	15
Total additions		15
Deductions Scholarship awards		
Total deductions		
Change in net position		15
Net position at beginning of year		4,979
Net position at end of year	\$	4,994

Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies

This summary of the Arickaree School District R-2's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A.1 - Reporting entity

The Arickaree School District R-2 is a school district governed by an elected five-member board of education. The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The reporting entity's financial statements should present the funds of the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and provide an overview of the discretely presented component units.

The District has examined other entities that could be included as defined in number 2 and 3 above. Based on these criteria, the District has no component units.

A.2 – Fund accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." The District does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for certain capital outlay expenditures, debt service, food service operations and pupil activities.

<u>Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The following are the District's nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Food Service Fund</u> – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the financial activities associated with the District's food service operations.

<u>Pupil Activity Fund</u> – This fund is special revenue fund used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.

Fiduciary Funds focus on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has the following fiduciary fund:

<u>Scholarship Trust Fund</u> – This fund is a private-purpose trust fund used to account for resources held by the District in a fiduciary capacity for scholarships to be distributed to area students for post-secondary education.

Note A.3 – Basis of presentation

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources management focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, which reports the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Fiduciary funds focus on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address the activities or obligations of the District, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A.4 - Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within sixty days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

<u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u> - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

<u>Unearned revenue</u> – Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and the revenue is recognized.

<u>Expenditures</u> – The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

A.5 - Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the District to record purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled and reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

A.6 - Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position, and are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

A.7 - Inventories

<u>Food Service Fund</u> – purchased inventories are stated at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out method. Commodity inventories are stated at the United States Department of Agriculture's assigned values, which approximate fair value, at the date of receipt. Expenditures for food items are recorded when consumed. The federal government donates surplus commodities to the national school lunch program. Commodity distributions used by the District are recorded as revenues at the date of their consumption.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A.8 - Capital assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets with a unit cost greater than \$3,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date received. Infrastructure assets, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings (such as parking facilities, sidewalks, landscaping and lighting systems) are capitalized along with other capital assets. Improvements to assets are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land costs. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Other equipment	10 years
Licensed vehicles	7-10 years

A.9 - Compensated absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Compensated absences benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Accumulated sick leave benefits are paid to employees upon termination of employment.

Certain personnel and full-time employees receive up to ten days of sick leave each year, which can be accumulated by the employee. Upon leaving employment with the District, employees who have been in the district for at least 20 years, shall be paid for 30 days, up to 300 hours, of accumulated leave at a rate equal to the daily rate of a substitute. Employees with 20 years of service with at least 100 accumulated sick leave days may apply for up to 10 days per year (outside of the 30 days) of sick leave pay prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account "accrued compensated absences" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

The amount recorded as liabilities for all applicable compensated absences include salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, using the rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

A.10 - Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds is reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds payable and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

A.11 - Fund balance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

Nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenditures, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned),

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board of education (the District's highest level of decision-making authority),

Assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Committed fund balance is established by a formal passage of a resolution. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the board of education through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available in governmental funds, the District applies expenditures against restricted fund balance first, and followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance.

A.12 - Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A.13 – Interfund transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. In general, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

A.14 - Extraordinary and special items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the board of education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the year.

Note B - Cash and investments

Cash and deposits

Colorado State statutes govern the District's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans require state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The PDPA require eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or Colorado local governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group and not held in any individual government's name. The fair value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, the District had total deposits of \$1,845,989, of which \$255,000 was insured and \$1,590,989 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note B - Cash and investments (Continued)

Investments

<u>Authorized Investments</u> – Investment policies are governed by Colorado State Statutes and the District's own investment policies and procedures. Investments of the District may include:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government such as treasury bills, notes and bonds
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

During the year, the District invested in Colotrust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. Investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. As of June 30, 2021, the District had invested \$5 in COLOTRUST PRIME and \$1,405,185 invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+. The District also invested in certificate of deposits.

		Investment maturities (in years)				
Investment type	Fair value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10		
Investment in Colotrust	\$ 1,405,190	<u>\$ 1,405,190</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		

The investment in Colotrust is maintained in the General Fund.

<u>Credit risk</u> – State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the highest rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At year-end, the District's investment in Colotrust was rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note B - Cash and investments (Continued)

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and investments on the statement of net position:

Cash in bank Certificates of deposit Investments in Colotrust	\$ 1,781,468 5,000 1,405,190
Total	<u>\$ 3,191,658</u>
Statement of net position Cash Investments	\$ 1,779,994 1,405,190
Subtotal	3,185,184
Statement of fiduciary net position Cash Investments	1,474 5,000
Subtotal	6,474
Total	<u>\$ 3,191,658</u>

Note C - Receivables

Receivables at year-end consist of the following:

	5.5.	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Property taxes receivable Grants receivable Other receivables	\$	26,650 13,379 3,890		
Total	<u>\$</u>	43,919		

Property taxes are levied on December 15th and attach as a lien on property the following January 1st. They are payable in full by April 30th or are due in two equal installments on February 28th and June 15th. Washington County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the counties. The tax receipts collected by the counties are remitted to the District in the subsequent month.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note D - Interfund transactions

The following is a summary of interfund transactions for the year as presented in the fund financial statements:

	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>			Interfund <u>Payables</u>		
Governmental funds General fund Other governmental funds	\$	2,075 1,000	\$	1,000 595		
Subtotal		3,075		1,595		
<u>Fiduciary funds</u> Private-purpose trust fund	*	<u>-</u>		1,480		
Total	\$	3,075	<u>\$</u>	3,075		

All balances resulted from the lag time between the dates that (1) interfund reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated through the transfer of funds from one fund to another.

	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
Governmental funds					
General fund	\$	-	\$	76,000	
Capital reserve capital projects fund		75,000			
Other governmental funds		1,000			
Total	<u>\$</u>	76,000	\$	76,000	

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. The District transferred funds in the amount of \$1,000 from the General Fund to the Other Governmental Funds to subsidize the costs of maintaining the District's food service operations. The district also transferred funds in the amount of \$75,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund in order to set aside funds for capital acquisitions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note E - Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ <u>29,645</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>29,645</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	29,645	-	-	29,645
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Other equipment Licensed vehicles	2,102,793 251,164 755,501	- -	, - - -	2,102,793 251,164 755,501
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,109,458			<u>3,109,458</u>
Total capital assets	3,139,103	-	-	3,139,103
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Other equipment Licensed vehicles	: (1,174,007) (116,381) (461,308)	(37,789) (18,190) (41,062)	- - -	(1,211,796) (134,571) (502,370)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,751,696)	(97,041)	_	(1,848,737)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,387,407</u>	<u>\$ (97,041)</u>	\$	<u>\$ 1,290,366</u>
Depreciation expense was char	ged to prograr	ns of the Distri	ct as follows:	
Governmental activities Operations and maintena Student transportation Food service operations Unallocated	nce		\$	4,371 41,062 1,614 49,994
Total depreciation exper	ise		\$_	97,041

Note F - Accrued salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelvemonth period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned but not paid at yearend are estimated to be \$119,054. Accordingly, this accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

Note G - Long-term debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year:

		eginning alances	Addi	ions Reductions			Ending Balances		Due within one year	
Governmental Activities Compensated	•			14.00						
absences Capital lease	\$	11,637	\$	-	\$	(3,724)	\$	7,913	\$	-
obligation		12,350				(12,350)				
Total	<u>\$</u>	23,987	\$		<u>\$</u>	<u>(1</u> 6.074)	\$	<u>7,913</u>	<u>\$</u>	=

The compensated absences will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The District believes that the current portion of compensated absences is negligible and is therefore not reported.

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 made changes to certain benefit provisions. Most of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2020. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. Section 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2020, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. Section 24-51-413. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2021. Eligible employees of the District and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. Section 24-51-401, et seq. and Section 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.00 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

	July 1, 2020 Through <u>June 30, 2021</u>
Employer contribution rate Amount of employer contribution apportioned	10.90%
to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411 Supplemental Amortization Equalization	4.50%
Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	<u> 19.88%</u>

^{**}Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. Section 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020 for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$191,726 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Due to the aforementioned suspension of the July 1, 2020, direct distribution payment, the nonemployer contributing entity's proportion is zero percent. Pursuant to C.R.S. Section 24-51-414, the direct distribution payment from the State of Colorado is to recommence annually starting on July 1, 2021. For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation.

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$2,527,024 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,527,024
The State's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated	
with the District	 346
Total	\$ 2,527,024

At December 31, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0167 percent, which is the same as its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of (\$506,905) and revenue of \$0 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	138,344	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		243,092	408,597
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		-	569,434
contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions		65,141	85,582
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		99,995	
Total	\$	<u>546,572</u>	\$ 1,063,613

Notes to Financial Statements

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

\$99,995 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (469,334) 58,095 (118,097) (87,700)
Totals	\$ (617,036)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50%-9.70%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07	
and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/061	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males**: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females**: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07	
and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/061	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

• Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity Fixed Income Private Equity Real Estate Alternatives	54.00% 23.00% 8.50% 8.50% 6.00%	5.60% 1.30% 7.10% 4.40% 4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded. HB 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020, for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts
 cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits
 reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP
 position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included
 in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note H - Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate		l% Increase
	_	(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	<u>\$</u>	3 <u>,4</u> 47 <u>,</u> 067	<u>\$</u>	2,527,024	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,</u> 760,324

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the pension plan

The District did not report any payables to the pension plan at year-end.

Note I – Defined contribution pension plan

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available Annual Report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note I - Defined contribution pension plan (Continued)

Funding policy - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District does not offer matching contributions to its employees. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended, program members contributed \$9,310 for the Voluntary Investment Program.

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health

Notes to Financial Statements

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. Section 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. Section 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$9,837 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At year-end, the District reported a liability of \$91,820 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2020. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0097 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0012 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,197. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred atflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	260	\$	22,076
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		748		5,630
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate		-		3,936
share of contributions		5,071		15,567
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		0,071		10,007
date	-	5,131	_	
Total	<u>\$</u>	11,210	<u>\$_</u>	47,209

\$5,131 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (9,441)
2023	(8,881)
2024	(8,849)
2025	(8,511)
2026	(5,103)
2027	(345)
Total	<u>\$ (41,130)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Notes to Financial Statements

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	8.10% in 2020,
	gradually decreasing to
	4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50% in 2020,
	gradually increasing to
	4.50% in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in December 31, 2019, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2020 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A

Medicare Plan	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65
Medicare Advantage/Self- Insured Rx	\$588	\$227	\$550
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	621	232	586

The 2020 Medicare Part A premium is \$458 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2019, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare	Medicare Part A
Year	<u>Medicare Plans</u>	<u>Premiums</u>
2020	8.10%	3.50%
2021	6.40%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	4.00%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males**: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males**: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females**: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period of January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020.

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

	Trust Fund								
	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division					
Actuarial cost method Price inflation Real wage growth Wage inflation Salary increases, including	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age					
	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%					
	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%					
	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%					
wage inflation: Members other than State Troopers State Troopers	3.30%-10.90%	3.40%-11.00%	3.20%-11.30%	2.80%-5.30%					
	3.20%-12.40%	N/A	3.20%-12.40%	N/A					

¹ C.R.S. Section 24-51-101 (46), as amended, expanded the definition of "State Troopers" to include certain employees within the Local Government Division, effective January 1, 2020. See Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements in PERA's 2020 Annual Report for more information.

The long-term rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation and discount rate assumptions were 7.25 percent.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

Mortality assumptions used in the roll forward calculations for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF, using a headcount-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 94 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 90 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 107 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by the Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30 Year Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Trend Rates	Trend Rates	in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	e 7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend	rate 3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 89,447	\$ 91,820	\$ 94,583

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Notes to Financial Statements

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2020 measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net	•		
OPEB liability	\$105,182	<u>\$ 91,820</u>	<u>\$ 80,404</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

Note J - Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the OPEB plan

The District did not report any payables to the OPEB plan at year-end.

Note K - Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (the Pool). The Pool's objectives are to provide member school districts defined property and liability coverages through self-insurance and excess insurance purchased from commercial companies. The District pays an annual contribution to the Pool for its insurance coverages. The District's contribution for the year was \$111,110. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage or the deductible in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year in any of the major categories of risk.

Note L - Commitments and contingencies

Federal and state funding

The District receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs which are subject to final review and approval by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Budget law

Colorado local government budget laws require the Board of Education to adopt a budget and an appropriations resolution for each fiscal year prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. A Board of Education shall not expend any moneys in excess of the amount appropriated by resolution. If either the budget or appropriations resolution is not adopted, then 90% of the last duly adopted budget and appropriations resolution shall be deemed to be budgeted and appropriated (C.R.S. 26-1-108(2)).

Note L - Commitments and contingencies (Continued)

The Board of Education did not adopt an appropriations resolution for the current year. As such, 90% of the last duly adopted appropriations resolution has been deemed appropriated for the current year. Amounts presented in the required supplementary information and the other supplementary information are based on the adopted, but unappropriated budget.

<u>Fund</u>	Last Duly Adopted Appropriation		Dι	0% of Last aly Adopted propriation	Ex	Actual spenditures	Variance		
General Fund Food Service Fund Pupil Activity Fund Capital Reserve Fund Scholarship Fund	\$	3,399,654 102,000 150,000 190,000 650	\$ 3,059,689 91,800 135,000 171,000 585		\$	2,113,404 108,133 69,165 22,540	\$	946,285 (16,333) 65,835 148,460 585	
Total		3,842,304	\$	3,458,074	\$	2,313,242	\$	1,144,832	

TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in student enrollment. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate. During the year ended June 30, 1998, the voters of the District approved a ballot initiative permitting the District to retain, appropriate, and utilize, by retention for reserve, carryover fund balance, or expenditure, the full proceeds and revenues received from every source whatsoever, without limitation, in this fiscal year and all subsequent fiscal years notwithstanding any limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR. However, the District has made certain interpretations of TABOR's language in order to determine its compliance. The District has reserved funds in the General Fund in the amount of \$58,000 for the emergency reserve.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note M – Joint venture

The District participates in the East Central Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the BOCES:

- is financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- has a separate governing board from that of the District,
- has a separate management which is responsible for the day to day operations and is accountable to the separate board,
- governing board and management have the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome or disposition of matters affecting the recipients or services provided, and
- has absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

The District has one member on the board. The board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture.

Separate financial statements of the East Central Board of Cooperative Educational Services are available by contacting their administrative office in Limon, Colorado.

For the year, the District's contribution was \$71,667.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERA's School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions PERA's School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions PERA's Health Care Trust Fund

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
				And the second s
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 927,327	\$ 927,327	\$ 945,020	\$ 17,693
Intermediate sources	75	75	49	(26)
State sources	1,172,343	1,172,343	1,189,345	17,002
Federal sources	22,450	224,141	229,724	5,583
Total revenues	2,122,195	2,323,886	2,364,138	40,252
Expenditures				
Instruction	1,073,661	1,247,917	1,020,580	227,337
Supporting services	970,140	1,099,845	1,092,824	7,021
Total expenditures	2,043,801	2,347,762	2,113,404	234,358
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	78,394	(23,876)	250,734	274,610
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(105,000)	(115,000)	(76,000)	39,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ (26,606)	\$ (138,876)	174,734	\$ 313,610
Fund balance at beginning of year			2,249,757	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 2,424,491	

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ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability ¹ PERA's School Division Trust Fund June 30, 2021

		June 30, 2021	I	June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0167%		0.0167%	0.0161%	0.0181%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of	\$	2,527,024	\$	2,495,745	\$ 2,847,091	\$ 5,868,667
the net pension liability		-		316,554	 389,300	 -
Total	\$	2,527,024	\$	2,812,299	\$ 3,236,391	\$ 5,868,667
District's covered payroll	\$	893,583	\$	981,404	\$ 883,940	\$ 837,181
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		282.80%		254.30%	322.09%	701.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.99%		64.52%	57.01%	43.96%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	 June 30, 2014
0.0188%	0.0194%	0.0198%	0.0186%
\$ 5,611,189	\$ 2,973,639	\$ 2,681,194	\$ 2,370,581
 <u>-</u>			 -
\$ 5,611,189	\$ 2,973,639	\$ 2,681,194	\$ 2,370,581
\$ 845,843	\$ 847,313	\$ 828,744	\$ 749,242
663.38%	350.95%	323.52%	316.40%
43.10%	59.20%	62.84%	64.06%

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Schedule of District Contributions ¹ PERA's School Division Trust Fund June 30, 2021

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	191,726	\$	190,218	\$	175,601	\$	161,544
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	·	(191,726)		(190,218)		(175,601)		(161,544)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
District's covered payroll	\$	964,411	\$	981,514	\$	917,934	\$	855,494
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.88%		19.38%		19.13%		18.88%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

 June 30, 2017	J 	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014		
\$ 151,456	\$	152,067	\$	144,974	\$	125,642	
 (151,456)		(152,067)		(144,974)		(125,642)	
\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
\$ 823,952	\$	857,418	\$	859,007	\$	786,060	
18.38%		17.74%		16.88%		15.98%	

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability ¹ PERA's Health Care Trust Fund June 30, 2021

	 June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	J	June 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0097%	0.0109%		0.0105%		0.0103%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 91,820	\$ 122,681	\$	142,195	\$	134,015
District's covered payroll	\$ 893,583	\$ 981,404	\$	883,940	\$	837,181
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	10.28%	12.50%		16.09%		16.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	32.78%	24.49%		17.03%		17.53%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

June 30, 2017

0.0107%

\$ 138,889

\$ 845,843

16.42%

16.72%

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Schedule of District Contributions ' PERA's Health Care Trust Fund June 30, 2021

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	9,837	\$	10,011	\$	9,363	\$	8,726
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(9,837)		(10,011)		(9,363)		(8,726)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	964,411	\$	981,514	\$	917,934	\$	855,494
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%		1.02%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

June 30, 2017
\$ 8,404

(8,404)
\$
\$ 823,952

1.02%

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note A - Budgetary data

The District adheres to the following procedures in compliance with Colorado Revised Statutes, establishing the budgetary data in the financial statements:

- 1. Budgets are required by state law for all funds. Prior to May 31, the superintendent of schools submits to the board of education a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted by the board of education to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
- 4. Prior to January 31, the board of education submits its adopted annual budget to the department of education.
- 5. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund and reallocation of budget line items within any department in the General Fund rests with the superintendent of schools. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the board of education.
- 6. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 7. Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the board of education throughout the year. After budget approval, the District board of education may approve supplemental appropriations if an occurrence, condition, or need exits which was not known at the time the budget was adopted.
- 8. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

Note B - Factors affecting trends in amounts reported in the pension and OPEB schedules

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities and the Schedules of District Contributions is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

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Budgetary Comparison Schedules - General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not required to be accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting of the District's ordinary operations financed primarily from property and specific ownership taxes and state aid. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are included to provide a greater level of detail to the reader of the financial statements.

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

D	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Local sources				40
Property taxes Specific ownership taxes Delinquent taxes and interest Earnings on investments Other local revenue	\$ 737,072 59,995 1,000 13,260 116,000	\$ 737,072 59,995 1,000 13,260 116,000	\$ 737,054 118,698 1,947 6,754 80,567	\$ (18) 58,703 947 (6,506) (35,433)
Total local sources	927,327	927,327	945,020	17,693
Intermediate sources	75	75	49	(26)
State sources				
Equalization	1,089,343	1,089,343	1,082,385	(6,958)
State share mitigation			1,981	1,981
English language proficiency	2,000	2,000	5,378	3,378
ELPA professional development	10,000	10,000	4,802	(5,198)
Transportation	25,000	25,000	34,986	9,986
State grants to libraries	3,500	3,500	3,500	-
Small rural schools funding	25,000	25,000	34,688	9,688
Additional at-risk funding			696	696
READ Act	2,500	2,500	. 2,564	64
Vocational education	3,000	3,000	7,211	4,211
Services within the BOCES	12,000	12,000	11,154	(846)
Total state sources	1,172,343	1,172,343	1,189,345	17,002
Federal sources				
Coronavirus relief fund		201,691	201,691	-
Coronavirus at-risk pupils			1,798	1,798
REAP	11,000	11,000		(11,000)
Services within the BOCES	11,450	11,450	26,235	14,785
Total federal sources	22,450	224,141	229,724	5,583
Total revenues	\$ 2,122,195	\$ 2,323,886	\$ 2,364,138	\$ 40,252

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ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Power Manage	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures Instruction				
Salaries	\$ 661,730	\$ 720,590	\$ 615,840	\$ 104,750
Employee benefits	255,698	271,794	243,459	28,335
Purchased services Supplies and materials	60,950	70,250 178,733	32,952	37,298
Property	88,733 2,000	2,000	123,216	55,517 2,000
Other	4,550	4,550	5,113	(563)
Total instruction	1,073,661	1,247,917	1,020,580	227,337
Supporting services				
Students				0.454
Purchased services	10,000	10,000	7,329	2,671
Supplies and materials	200		88	112
Total students	10,200	10,200	7,417	2,783
Instructional staff				
Salaries	9,000	9,110	5,347	3,763
Employee benefits	8,220	8,250	7,816	434
Purchased services	2,000	2,000	2,033	(33)
Supplies and materials	500	4,000	5,251	(1,251)
Total instructional staff	19,720	23,360	20,447	2,913
General administration				
Salaries	90,300	90,300	103,058	(12,758)
Employee benefits	37,000	37,000	39,976	(2,976)
Purchased services	146,200	206,200	191,423	14,777
Supplies and materials	6,000	6,000	3,442	2,558
Property	10.000	100	66 16 545	34
Other	19,000	19,000	16,545	2,455
Total general administration	298,500	358,600	354,510	4,090

-	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
School administration				
Salaries	29,000	46,000	54,627	(8,627)
Employee benefits	12,720	14,720	18,922	(4,202)
Supplies and materials	500	500	696	(196)
Total school administration	42,220	61,220	74,245	(13,025)
Business services				
Salaries	48,100	48,100	48,100	_
Employee benefits	16,720	16,720	17,935	(1,215)
Purchased services	600	600	50	550
Supplies and materials	1,000	1,000	810	190
Other	3,250	3,250	6,451	(3,201)
Total business services	69,670	69,670	73,346	(3,676)
Operations and maintenance				
Salaries	72,000	78,500	67,781	10,719
Employee benefits	27,440	28,140	23,127	5,013
Purchased services	33,300	33,300	51,514	(18,214)
Supplies and materials	132,000	170,000	179,105	(9,105)
Total operations and				
maintenance	264,740	309,940	321,527	(11,587)
Student transportation				
Salaries	59,000	59,000	47,075	11,925
Employee benefits	25,220	25,220	19,871	5,349
Purchased services	20,500	20,500	16,016	4,484
Supplies and materials	37,000	37,000	31,393	5,607
Total student transportation	141,720	141,720	114,355	27,365

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(continued)	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Central support services Purchased services Supplies and materials	118,870 4,500	125,135	125,482 1,495	(347) (1,495)
Total central support services	123,370	125,135	126,977	(1,842)
Total supporting services	970,140	1,099,845	1,092,824	7,021
Total expenditures	\$ 2,043,801	\$ 2,347,762	\$ 2,113,404	\$ 234,358

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- <u>Food Service Fund</u> This fund is used to record financial transactions related to the District's food service operations.
- <u>Pupil Activity Fund</u> This fund is used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	_	Food Service Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	•	Totals
Assets Cash Due from other funds Grant receivables Other receivables Inventories	\$	6,352 1,000 4,072 2,120 2,254	\$ 120,496	\$	126,848 1,000 4,072 2,120 2,254
Total assets	\$	15,798	\$ 120,496	\$	136,294
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and benefits Unearned revenues	\$	118 6,175 6,831	\$ 1,751 595	\$	1,869 595 6,175 6,831
Total liabilities		13,124	2,346		15,470
Fund balance Nonspendable inventories Restricted for food service operations Committed to pupil activities		2,254 420	 118,150		2,254 420 118,150
Total fund balance		2,674	118,150		120,824
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	15,798	\$ 120,496	\$	136,294

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	;	Food Service Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Name of the last o	Totals
Revenues Local sources	\$	18,457	\$ 87,517	\$	105,974
State sources Federal sources		607 68,614	 		607 68,614
Total revenues		87,678	87,517		175,195
Expenditures Instruction Supporting services		108,133	 69,165		69,165 108,133
Total expenditures		108,133	 69,165		177,298
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(20,455)	18,352		(2,103)
Other financing sources Transfers in	***************************************	1,000	 		1,000
Net change in fund balance		(19,455)	18,352		(1,103)
Fund balance at beginning of year		22,129	 99,798		121,927
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,674	\$ 118,150	\$	120,824

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Food Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
_								
Revenues	Ф	24 500	Ф	24.500	Ф	10 457	Ф	(16.040)
Local sources State sources	\$	34,500 900	\$	34,500 900	\$	18,457 607	\$	(16,043)
Federal sources		34,000						(293)
rederal sources		34,000		34,000		68,614		34,614
Total revenues		69,400		69,400		87,678		18,278
Expenditures								
Food service operations								
Salaries		31,660		31,660		32,394		(734)
Employee benefits		13,055		13,055		8,505		4,550
Purchased services		200		200		0,000		200
Supplies and materials		62,099		62,099		67,234		(5,135)
Supplies and materials		02,099		02,099		07,234		(3,133)
Total expenditures		107,014		107,014		108,133		(1,119)
Excess of revenues over		(0- 64)						
(under) expenditures		(37,614)		(37,614)		(20,455)		17,159
Other finencing courses								
Other financing sources Transfers in		20,000		20.000		1 000		(00,000)
Transfers in		30,000		30,000		1,000		(29,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(7,614)	\$	(7,614)		(19,455)	\$	(11,841)
Fund balance at beginning of year						22,129		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	2,674		

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Pupil Activity Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts Final	Actual	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
Revenues						
Pupil activities	 	\$	150,000	\$ 87,517	\$	(62,483)
Total revenues	\$ -		150,000	87,51 7		(62,483)
Expenditures Instruction Purchased services Supplies and materials Other			75,000	 14,931 40,665 13,569		(14,931) 34,335 (13,569)
Total expenditures			75,000	 69,165		5,835
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$	75,000	18,352	\$	(56,648)
Fund balance at beginning of year				99,798		
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 118,150		

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Projects Fund

The District reports the following major capital projects fund:

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

 <u>Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund was established to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgeted Original	Amoı	ınts Final	Actual	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
Revenues						
Local sources						
Other local revenues	\$ 45,000	\$	60,000	\$ 6,600	\$	(53,400)
Total revenues	45,000		60,000	6,600		(53,400)
Expenditures Capital outlay						
Purchased services	85,000		85,000	6,277		78,723
Property	42,500		44,500	3,517		40,983
Debt service	•					
Principal	20,000		20,000	12,350		7,650
Interest and fiscal charges	 2,000		2,000	 396		1,604
Total expenditures	 149,500		151,500	 22,540		128,960
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(104,500)		(91,500)	(15,940)		75,560
Other financing sources						
Transfers in	75,000		85,000	 75,000		(10,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (29,500)	\$	(6,500)	59,060	\$	65,560
Fund balance at beginning of year				 49,786		
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 108,846		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Fiduciary Fund

These funds focus on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds.

<u>Private-purpose trust funds</u> – These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

• <u>Scholarship Trust Fund</u> – This fund is used to record the financial transactions related to the administration of a scholarship trust that is used to award scholarships to area students.

ARICKAREE SCHOOL DISTRICT R-2 Scholarship Trust Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Contributions and earnings	\$	18	\$	9	\$	15	\$	6
Contributions and carmings	Ψ	10	Ψ		Ψ	10	Ψ	
Total revenues		18		9		15		6
Expenditures Scholarship awards						-		-
Total expenditures				_				
Change in net position	\$	18	\$	9		15	\$	6
Net position at beginning of year						4,979		
Net position at end of year					\$	4,994		

Colorado Department of Education Supplementary Schedule

<u>Auditors' integrity report</u> – This fiscal-year report is required by the Colorado Department of Education to maintain statewide consistency in financial reporting. This report is also used to gather financial data that could affect future state funding.

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Independent Auditors' Report on Auditors' Integrity Report

Board of Education Arickaree School District R-2 Anton, Colorado

We have audited the financial statements of the Arickaree School District R-2 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and our report thereon dated September 1, 2021, which expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, appears on pages 1-2. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Auditors' Integrity Report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado September 1, 2021

CO

Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report
District: 3040 - Arickaree R-2
Fiscal Year 2020-21
Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Func	l Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Ad (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
G	overnmental	+			=
10	General Fund	2,249,503	2,161,262	1,986,427	2,424,338
18	Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	255	126,875	126,977	153
19	Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	nous demonstration and it in a constraint of a parameter contemper or the entering operations of the extended in mount of the
	Sub- Total	2,249,757	2,288,137	2,113,404	2,424,490
11	Charter School Fund	0	0	0	
20,26	-29 Special Revenue Fund	O	O	0	entrantice protegies augment appear appear contra anne impelantimentation (f. den Villes et .) a (
06	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	eparagua continu a aqua paga congue conque ano annula hor a coro contributante, el trabalamente gondo cilidad de del coro di (
07	Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	encompregggggaan war an gan a taraking nan taraken rawan tarah andar ratas na tahunar biliban saka admingsa
21	Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	22,129	88,678	108,133	2,674
22	Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	a manana yan san gamaya (maganaman ng anansanan amana amana - manan - amaha i an (
23	Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	99,798	87,517	69,165	118,150
24	Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	O	0	desente année surge de la company de la company de mandataine de la conditione de la condit
25	Transportation Fund	0	. O	0	
31	Bond Redemption Fund	0	0	0	The state of the s
39	Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	C	0	0	
41	Building Fund	0	O	0	
42	Special Building Fund	O	0	0	
43	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	49,786	81,600	22,540	108,84
46	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	
Tc	otals	2,421,470	2,545,932	2,313,242	2,654,16
	Proprietary				
50	Other Enterprise Funds	0	O	0	nanna ar seo neur a rennannanniaeann ann an Arthur Arthur Ar Seo ann an Arthur
64 (63	3) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	C	0	A place and the Southern Beer and the Conference of the Conference
60,65	-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	
To	otals	0.	0	0.	
	Fiduciary				
70	Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	ayan Antaga ay amang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang
72	Private Purpose Trust Fund	4,979	15	0	4,99
73	Agency Fund	0	and the second s	0	region delle delle i tregione delle processe dell'encomment e commence delle i mentioni di commence delle i co
74	Pupil Activity Agency Fund	O	overages, as some as a contrast particular to contrast or the superior and a contrast of the contrast object of the contrast o	Control of the state of the sta	- na ražinnija, sa došinovanjena piliteratura (teri n. 1900-1965 ili n. 1900-1971 ili 1900-1971 ili 1900-1971
79	GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	O	O	gol agene en veggem peng saga kugger frédérik derkoon. Daar en virastret de 1865 e. 1. Daret De kommente (4. v
85	Foundations	0	. The color region of the color	Annual control of the	nymagikuraninan riagaansia. Japonininin riinnantahadanki - vanastiinna estaat ilika isteestiin

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